

The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 15,298.

SYDNEY, SATURDAY, JANUARY 15, 1887.

22 PAGES.

PRICE 2d.

Births.

SHEARLT—January 6, at her residence, Commercial Bank, Glebe, the wife of J. G. Shearlt, of a son.

BOYE—December 31, 1886, at her residence, No. 5, Caledonia street, Paddington, the wife of Charles F. Rose, of a daughter.

COWARD—December 31, 1886, at her residence, No. 1, Grosvenor-terrace, Monkland-street, Redfern, the wife of W. H. Coward, of a daughter.

DAVIS—January 11, at 61, Bolany-street, Moore Park, Mrs. T. Davis, a daughter.

GAIK—January 2, Darling-road, Balmain, the wife of Claude Gaike, of a son.

HANNAM—January 3, at Oakleigh, Burwood, the wife of Wm. Hannam, of a son.

HOPP—January 16, at Bonnyrigg, the wife of Walter Hoppe, of a son.

KAPPEL—January 18, at Miltington, the wife of H. Kappel, of a son.

NILSTEDT—January 5, 1887, at his residence, Appleby Cottage, High-street, Milson's Point, North Shore, the wife of James Nilstedt, of a daughter.

NOLAN—January 19, at her residence, 144, Cumberland-street, St. Kilda, the wife of J. Nolan, of a son.

PERRY—January 19, at Hartree Court, Emily-street, St. Kilda, the wife of A. L. Perry, of a daughter.

RAMSEY—November 20, 1886, at her residence, Essendon, the wife of A. E. Ramsey, of a son.

SUTTON—January 15, 1887, at her residence, Thirlmere-terrace, 96, Bourke-street, Redfern, the wife of P. Sutton, of a son.

WINDON—January 3, at her residence, Windermere, Boxley, the wife of G. F. Windon, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

CHRISTMAS-EKHN—January 16, at his parents' residence, Leichhardt, the Rev. S. Savage, Alfred John, oldest son of Alfred George, son of George and Elizabeth Charles Hewitt, Leichhardt. Home papers please copy.

COSTIN-JOHNSON—January 14, at St. John's, Darlinghurst, the Rev. A. Costin, Vicar of St. John's, Darlinghurst, son of the late Surgeon-Major Charles Johnson, L.L., Ahmedabad, Bombay.

HEDDERLY-NOBLE—November 20, by the Rev. G. Lane, assisted by the Rev. C. Ward, at Botany Wesleyan Church, Narrabeen, the Rev. Mr. J. Ridge, of Prosperous Hill, Rushworth, and Miss Noble, eldest daughter of John Noble, Esq., of Prospect, Middlesex.

VINDBORG-MEHLER—November 18, 1886, at St. Michael and St. John's Cathedral, Bathurst, by the Rev. John Davies, Parochial Vicar, Agnes, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Mehlert, son of the late Surgeon-Major Charles Johnson, L.L., Ahmedabad, Bombay.

FRANKENHORST-LUDWIGSEN—ELLIOTT.—December 18, 1886, at St. Paul's Church, San Francisco, Harry Frederick Frankenhorst, son of Frankenberg-Ludwigsen, and Anna Frankenhorst, daughter of John Noble.

WEWETT-BRACKEN—January 18, 1887, at St. Mark's, Darling Point, by the Rev. Mr. John Wewert, Esq., of Lillian, Double Bay, in London, son of Charles Robert Bracken, of Paddington, and Margaret, second daughter of the late John Henry Hinshelwood, of Bathurst, and stepdaughter of John Hinshelwood, of Paddington.

JENSEN-OLM—January 17, at the residence of the bride's parents, 20, Charles Street, Paddington, the Rev. Mr. Jensen, minister, son of Peter Jensen, and Mrs. Jensen, of Mary Ann, sister daughter of James Olds, 21, Burton-street, Paddington.

TRAKE-CLYMKI—December 9, at the residence of the bride's parents, 1, Victoria-street, Paddington, the Rev. C. K. Trake, of St. Paul's Church, Paddington, and Anna Clymkie, daughter of Annie Marie Clymkie, eldest daughter of Charles Clymkie, builder, Balmain.

WILLIAMS-HUGHES—January 1, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. W. Hughes, William Henry, West of Sydney, to Mary Jane (Catherine) eldest daughter of Henry Wilson, Esq., J.P., of Ryde, Vale, near Wiesham's Ferry.

ROBERTSON-JOHNSON—January 9, at Hawkesbury, Ashfield, Agnes, infant daughter of Joseph and Catherine Hobson, aged 1 year and 4 months.

THOMAS—December 20, suddenly, at Petersberg, Ontario, Canada, Dr. William Tasse, LL.D., uncle to Mrs. James Denne, Parramatta.

WALTER—January 18, at his residence, General Post Office, Sydney, Alfred Elliot Walter, aged 30. Born at Islington, London.

WOOD—December 20, at her residence, Darling-street, Surry Hills, the beloved wife of W. T. Wood, and oldest daughter of the late Charles Pratt, Nelson's Plains, William Wood, aged 47.

In Memoriam.

BEALE—In affectionate remembrance of William Charles Beale, the dearly beloved son of Alex and Margaret Bell, who departed this life on 13th January, 1879. Though lost to sight no longer, his memory will abide.

CHILD—In affectionate remembrance of our dear brother, Captain Alfred Child, who died 10th January, 1883. Albeit in heaven, Inseverably.

MARSH—In memory of our dear father, Francis Marsh, who died January 15, 1881.

Dear Father, how we miss thy face

and thy kind, gentle ways appear;

We long to have thee back again,

In evening, lone and drear.

And still we picture in our mind,

And pray that God might lead us on

To give him love for love.

Ever thy fond son,

John Bell.

Imperial German Mail.

MONTHLY DIRECT STEAMERS

STONY, MELBOURNE, AND ADELAIDE, to SOUTHAMPTON, via MARMALADE, via Ades, Nuremberg, and Port Said.

BOUL—In loving memory of James Massey, dearly beloved second son of James and Maria Howe, who died January 15, 1881, at his residence, 10, Pitt-street, Surry Hills.

SANDERSON—In loving memory of William H. Sanderson, who died at West Maitland on the 15th January, 1881, leaving an only sister to mourn his loss.

Shipping.

DIRECT SERVICE TO ENGLAND.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

The Company's Steamers (under contract with the Victorian Government for the conveyance of H.M. Mail) will be despatched from the Company's Wharf, Circular Quay, as under:

TO FLYING-DOCK, LONDON, via Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, and Hong Kong's bound.

For all information apply at the Company's Office, 247, George-street.

SHIPPING.

GENERAL LIST OF STEAMERS.

NEWCASTLE—The following Royal Mail Steamers will be despatched from the following ports:

TO NEWCASTLE, via MARMALADE, via Ades, Nuremberg, and Port Said.

SYDNEY—The following Royal Mail Steamers will be despatched from the following ports:

TO SYDNEY, via MARMALADE, via Ades, Nuremberg, and Port Said.

THE NEW ZEALAND SHIPPING COMPANY'S NEW ZEALAND MAIL LINE.

The following splendid steamers are appointed to leave NEW ZEALAND FOR LONDON, sailing at 110 JANUARY, as follows:

FROM THURSDAY ISLAND, PORT DARWIN, and HONGKONG, sailing at Morotai Bay, Townsville, and Cooktown.

The splendid new steel steamship CHANORIA, 3,500 tons, Capt. E. Williams, commander, will be despatched to London.

ROUND TRIP—via MARMALADE, via Ades, Nuremberg, and Port Said.

TO LONDON—via MARMALADE, via Ades, Nuremberg, and Port Said.

TO NEWCASTLE—via MARMALADE, via Ades, Nuremberg, and Port Said.

TO SYDNEY—via MARMALADE, via Ades, Nuremberg, and Port Said.

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TO COOKTOWN—via MARMALADE, via Ades, Nuremberg, and Port Said.

TO MARYBOROUGH—via MARMALADE, via Ades, Nuremberg, and Port Said.

TO ROCKHAMPTON—via MARMALADE, via Ades, Nuremberg, and Port Said.

TO BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, and MARYMOOR—via MARMALADE, via Ades, Nuremberg, and Port Said.

TO TOWNSVILLE—via MARMALADE, via Ades, Nuremberg, and Port Said.

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Amusements.

C R I T E R I O N T H EATRE.
(Corner of Pitt and Park streets).
Box Offices and Proprietor Mr. John Solomon.
THE COOLEST and MOST PERFECTLY VENTILATED THEATRE IN AUSTRALIA.
VENTILATION JUST COMPLETED,
4th WEEK, 4th WEEK,
and
TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS
of
RIGNOLD and ALLISON'S OPERA COMPANY.
VINCENT WALLACE'S EVER-POPULAR OPERA,
"LADY OF THE LANA,"
MARIETTA
MARTIANA.

First appearance in Sydney of the
Young and Charming English P. M. Donnells,
Miss COULBOURNE-BAUER
Re-appearance of the famous
Mr. ARTHUR BEAUMONT.

GRAND CAST OF CHARACTERS:
King of Spain Mr. John Ford
Don Jose Signor G. Verdi
Don Cesar Mr. Arthur Beaumont
Don Alvaro Mr. John Taylor
Captain of the Guard Mr. Fred England
The Alcove Mr. George Davis
Alvaro Miss Faustina Diodati
Marchioness de Mouton Miss Ethel Harcourt
Mariana Miss Coulbourne-Bauer
Chinese Nobles, &c. by the Company
MUSICAL DIRECTOR, M. LEON CARON,
LEADER OF ORCHESTRA, M. GEORGE HALL
ENTIRELY NEW SCENES,
by Mr. Alfred Clark.

Draw Circle, &c.; Stalls, &c.; Upper Circle, &c.;
GALLERIES, ONE SHILLING.

Doors open at 7; Overture at 7:45; Carriages at 10:45.

Box Plan at NICHOLSON and CO.'s Music Warehouse.
Tickets at Messrs. GEARY and PYKE's, Tobacconists, Pitt-street, and at HARVEY and CANTIN's, Criterion Buildings, Pitt-street.

A C A D E M Y O F M U S I C .
LESSEE and Manager Mr. F. E. Biscocks.

THE POPULAR AND FASHIONABLE RESORT,
THE REIGNING ATTRACTION OF THE CITY.

CHANCE OF PROGRAMME,
TMIS SATURDAY, JANUARY 15,
BISCUITS' FEDERAL MINISTRELS.

PROGRAMME FOR THIS EVENING:
Bentley, W. Horace, E. Rogers.
Interlocutor: Geo. Turner.

Second Part: Sam Keevan, Al. Moylean.

Overture "When I am Far away from Home" L. Brashan

Canarie Song "The Land That Struck O'Hare" Sam Keevan

"Song of the Gold Bold" J. A. Moore

"Song of the Rose Maiden" Al. Moylean

"Song of Love" E. Rogers

"Song of the Little Old Men" J. A. Moore

"Song of the Little Old Men" H. Carter

FINALE: "The Queen" COMPANY.

Part II: "OJO."

First Appearance of LA DARE,
the most accomplished Wire Winder in the World.

Quarante: "Come Where my Love Lies Dreaming."

KENNEDY and CO. (in that order), "Vivian Beauve."

W. HORACE BENTLEY

Orpheus Rock.

SOUTHERN ISLANDS SERVANT,

EDWIN ROGERS,

The Champion Dancer of the world,

In the flesh, the Peerless Dancer,

THE WOODWARD BROTHERS

(Charles, Cornelius, and Francis),

whose wonderful talents have been equalled,

will appear in their

Unique Aerobic Mattoons.

Terminating with the Amusing Sketch,

HE WON'T DIE.

POPULAR PRICES.

Entrances, Chaffey's, Pitt-street, and Gallery, &c.

Plan at Nicholson's, corner of George and King streets.

Tickets for all parts at Mrs. Harrison's, near Academy.

Carriages at 10 p.m.

A C A D E M Y O F M U S I C .

Mr. JAS. MALCOLM'S
SUNDAY EVENING CONCERTS,

JANUARY 15, 1887.

Mr. H. Tees will recte "Shamus O'Brien" by special
desire.

A C A D E M Y O F M U S I C .

Mr. JAS. MALCOLM'S
SUNDAY EVENING CONCERTS,

JANUARY 16,

Special engagement: Mr. Le Feuvre's Grand Orchestra, of
"Federal Ministry" fame.

A C A D E M Y O F M U S I C .

Mr. JAS. MALCOLM'S
SUNDAY EVENING CONCERTS,

JANUARY 16.

Mr. K. Ross will play the concert obligato in "The Sailor's
Holiday Poika," with N. Le Feuvre's orchestra.

A C A D E M Y O F M U S I C .

Mr. JAS. MALCOLM'S SUNDAY CONCERTS.

Mr. Albury, cornet soloist.

Doors open at 7; overture, 7:30.

Mr. H. Tees, Manager and Agent:

HARRY P. HERRBERTS.

COTTIER'S Minstrels, To-night, Professor Hall,

Cottier's Minstrels, To-night, "The Queen of the Minstrels,"

COOTIER'S Minstrels, To-night—Entire charge of

Programme's new First Part, new Ballads, new Song.

COTTIER'S Minstrels, To-night—Lucy and Walter's

Dance act, "Knocking on the Outside Gate," song, Dance.

COTTIER'S Minstrels, To-night—George Lindon's

Irish Impression, Mr. Blackie's "Home Sweet Home,"

Mr. Blackie's "Home Sweet Home," The amazing comedy

man, "The Good for Nothing," Nan—Miss Lucy Cottier.

COTTIER'S Minstrels, To-night—Webb and Cottier's

Melody Song and Dance, Miss Any Davis's "Fling," &c.

COTTIER'S Minstrels, To-night—The people's home

of an "auncient." Look at our price, 1/-.

COTTIER'S Minstrels, To-night—Professor Hall,

Comedies, Popular price, Gallery, 6d; gallery 1d.

THE ST. CECILIA CHORAL ASSOCIATION.

The Practice MEETINGS of the above will be held at the

Hall, William-street, about 8 o'clock; for the Elementary

Branch, every Friday, at 5 p.m.

W. P. O'HALLORAN, Hon. Sec.

EUTHONIC ORCHESTRAL SOCIETY. Established

1865, and 1872, now 15 years.

W. E. Watson, organist, and others every

Wednesday evening for 15th Annual Concert. Members

who intend taking part therein are requested to attend:

J. FIDGEN, Hon. Sec.

S T R A S B U R G C L O C K A.

APOLLO HALL, Kidman's buildings, Market-street.

Open from 2 to 5 p.m., 7 to 9 p.m.

SIX P.M. SIXTH WEEK.

ONE of THE SEVEN WONDERS OF THE WORLD.

The only perfect Model of the

MARVELLOUS CLOCK

now constructed.

PROCESSION OF THE APOLSTLES every 15 MINUTES.

THESE APOLSTLES are children.

C. JAMESON, Proprietor. W. M. GIFFET, Agent.

A U S T R A L I A N W A X W O R K S , opposite the CATHEDRAL,

LAST TWO WEEKS OF VANISHING LADY.

The latest Parisian Sensation.

VANISHING LADY SPECIAL NOTICE.

The proprietors of the Australian Waxworks are fully auth-

ored to exhibit the VANISHING LADY.

H. S. LYNN.

Admission, 1s; Children, 6d. Open from 5 a.m. till 10 p.m.

DANCING.—N. S. GARGANT. Teacher of Dancing, new

Calleches, Department, 42, Pitt-street, and

11, Pitt-street, Newmarket, MONDAY and THURSDAY

NIGHTS; at Newfitt's Hall, Elizabeth-street, two doors

from Liverpool-street. Private Lessons (alone) in Modern Waltz,

Slow Waltz, &c.

Between Bathurst and Liverpool streets. A Quadrille Party will

be held every Friday, at 8 p.m.

THE SPENCER'S DANCING ACADEMY,

64, George-street, opposite the Town Hall, Coffee Palace,

Bethnal Green, and Victoria-street.

A. TUBERY DAVIS, Donisthorpe, Royal Arcade—Complete

Waltz, &c. Consultation free.

HAWKSLIDGE RIVER.—EXCURSION every

FRIDAY. Book only at The tourist Bureau, 6, Bengal-street,

GIPSY FORTUNE, 17, Bengal-street, Paddington. Only 6d.

PEARL DAY RECREATION GROUNDS, App'd.

Dr. Hamard, 9, Pitt-street, Paddington.

DANCING.—SPENCER'S DANCING ACADEMY,

64, George-street, opposite the Town Hall, Coffee Palace,

Bethnal Green, and Victoria-street.

A. TUBERY DAVIS, Donisthorpe, Royal Arcade—Complete

Waltz, &c. Consultation free.

THE COOLEY THEATRE IN SYDNEY.

Under Management of Mr. John Solomon.

Box Offices and Proprietor Mr. G. L. Goodman.

Acting Manager, Mr. H. Vincent.

Bill the Great Attraction. During Week. Phenomenal Success.

THIS and EVERY EVENING at a QUARTER to EIGHT,

Terminating at 10:45, in time for suburban buses, trains, and trams.

SLEEPING BEAUTY,) GRAND COMIC and

SLEEPING BEAUTY,) CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME,

or, The Talk of the City.

HARLEQUIN AND MOTHER GOOSE.) A Gorgeous Production.

THE COVENANT OF THE CHAMPIONS.) Everybody MUST SEE IT.

P.M. Read This. SLEEPING BEAUTY, Time Table. Read This.

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THE COVENANT OF THE CHAMPIONS.) Everybody MUST SEE IT.

P.M. Read This. SLEEP

Religious Announcements

ANNANDALE Hunter-Salls Memorial Church.
Rev. P. Palmer Mackenzie, 11 and 1.

ASHFIELD BAPTIST CHURCH, Holden-street.—Morning, 10 a.m.; Evening, 7 p.m.; Friday, 7 p.m.; Rev. F. Hilliard.

BETHEL (Unitarian), Gloucester-st., North—Rev. W. Bradley, 11 and 1. All services free.

BOURKE-ST. WESTESLEYAN CHURCH—II. Rev. R. Dymon; Rev. E. E. Crosby.

BOURKE-ST. CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Rev. A. Osborne, M.A., To-morrow, at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Bathurst-st.—Anniversary Services: TU-MORROW, Rev. C. Bright; TUESDAY, for Morning, Meeting afterwards, to be addressed by various Ministers.

BALMAIN CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Evangelistic meetings.

Concord-chambers, Pitt-street.

Services: MATINS, 10 a.m.; Evensong, 6 p.m.

SUNDAYS, 10th and 23rd, at 11 a.m. and 7 o'clock.

MONDAY, 15th, to FRIDAY, 21st, every evening at 8 o'clock.

All are welcome.

Sunday's hymns.

BAPTIST CAUSE, NORTH SHORE SERVICES now permanent established every LORD'S DAY, 10 a.m. and 7 p.m. at 1, Pitt-street, Pitt-street, Rev. J. G. Wilson, a fully accredited minister of the denomination, and under the auspices of the Baptist Union of New South Wales.

All Baptists resident on North Shore cordially invited to unite.

CARRINGTON HALL.

One Lane, Pitt-street, Union of N. S. Wales.

CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, French Alfred Park—Rev. David Smith, M.A., 11 and 7.

CHRISTIANS meet, Braemar Loaf, 11; Gospel, 7 p.m.; French Hall, Myrtle-street, free service.

CLEVEN ST. WESTESLEYAN CHURCH—II, Rev. E. E. Crosby; III, Rev. G. C. PERIN.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, The Rev. J. E. Sanderson will preach morning and evening.

CONSECRATION SERVICE at Carrington Hall, Pitt-street, To-morrow, 7 p.m.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH, Elizabeth-street, new May-morned, 10 a.m.; Evening, 7 p.m.; Rev. G. Oliver, C.M.E. Preacher.

C. T. FORSCUTT, B.A., will (D.V.) preach at the C. T. FORSCUTT, Pitt-street, Edmund, To-morrow EVENING, at 7.

Subject: "The Judgment."

CHRIST CHURCH, LAVENDER BAY.

8 a.m., Celebration: 11 a.m., preacher Rev. R. A. W. editor.

12.30 p.m., Rev. A. Yarnold: "The Wilderness and the Wild," Pitt-street, Pitt-street, "Wilson's Point," 11 a.m., Celebration: Preacher Rev. A. Yarnold.

CENTRAL METHODIST MISSION, Protestant Hall, during re-building, York-street, Church, 11. Rev. J. Woodhouse, 8 a.m., Evangelistic Service; 7, Rev. W. G. Taylor.

PRINCES-STREET CHURCH—II, Rev. W. G. Taylor; 7, Rev. W. G. Woodhouse.

OPEN-MEETING, 11, Circular Quay; 1.30 and 6 o'clock, next Town Hall.

C H R I S T S T U C H U R C H, S. Laurence, Sydney.

SECOND SUNDAY AFTER EPIPHANY.

8 a.m., Celebration: 11 a.m., preacher Rev. R. A. W. editor.

12.30 p.m., Rev. A. Yarnold: "The Wilderness and the Wild," Pitt-street, Pitt-street, "Wilson's Point," 11 a.m., Celebration: Preacher Rev. A. Yarnold.

DARLINGTON Council Chambers (Congregational), Pitt-street, 10th instant, Morning, 10 a.m.; Rev. J. D. H. H. Denyer, 11 a.m.; Evening, 7 p.m.

E BENEZI Presbyterian Church—Services on Sabbath, 10th instant—Morning at 11 a.m., Rev. J. W. Morrison, evening, at 7 o'clock, Rev. John Finlayson (from Scotland).

ESTHER Lodge, Ecumenical Methodist Church, St. John's, Pitt-street, Rev. J. E. Carter, 11 and 7.

FIRE Church of England, Kogarah (separated Sept., 1885)—Mr. A. L. JACKSON, Morning and Evening.

GLOBE CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, To-morrow, Pitt-street, 10th instant, Morning, 10 a.m.; Rev. J. D. H. Denyer, 11 a.m.; Evening, 7 p.m.

METHODIST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Services To-morrow, Pitt-street, 10th instant, Morning, 10 a.m.; Rev. J. D. H. Denyer, 11 a.m.; Evening, 7 p.m.

MISSION CHURCH, Sussex-street—JOSEPH NEAVE will preach the Gospel To-MORROW EVENING.

M. R. C. FORSCUTT, B.A., will preach Sunday EVENING, 4.30 o'clock, in the Tabernacle, Metropole, and Empire.

Subject: "The Judgment."

NEWTON Wesleyan Church.—To-morrow: Rev. Thomas Parker at 11; Rev. Charles Stead, at 7.

NEW CHURCH, HORNSEA SOCIETY.

DIVINE SERVICE is held every Sunday at 11 a.m., at the Temperance Hall (upper floor), Pitt-street.

Mr. W. KEWAN, Pitt-street, Pitt-street, Subject:

"Jesus Is Lord."

OCEAN-ST. CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Woolstone, Mr. R. Bowles, 11 and 7.

PALMER-ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Rev. J. F. Henderson will preach To-morrow, 11 and 7.

PITT-STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. W. G. TAYLOR, Pitt-street, Rev. J. W. Woodhouse.

PRIMITIVE METHODIST CHURCH, Allston-street—Morning, 11, Mr. IVAN, evening, 7, Rev. J. W. Johnson, Pitt-street, 11; Rev. J. W. Hollins, 7; Mr. J. Kessell.

PYRMONT and ULTIMO PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Querry-street, 8, Pitt-street, 11 and 7; Mr. W. F. Bowes (just arrived from Glasgow, by the Iberia), at 7 p.m.

NOTICE is hereby given that a PUBLIC MEETING of the electors of the Municipality of Ultimeo will be held at the Town Hall, Pitt-street, 10th instant, Morning, 10 a.m.; Evening, 7 p.m.; Two auditors, one for each Ward, and two auditors in place of those returning by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.

Nominations must be in writing, and delivered to me not later than MONDAY, 24th January.

GEORGE RANKEN, Mayor and Returning Officer.

Holtville Union-street, Blue Point-road.

TOWN HALL, Pitt-street, 10th January, 1887.

BOURKE OF ST. LEONARDS.

NOTICE is hereby given that a PUBLIC MEETING of the electors of the Municipality of St. Leonards will be held at the Town Hall, Pitt-street, 10th instant, Morning, 10 a.m.; Evening, 7 p.m.; Two auditors, one for each Ward, and two auditors in place of those returning by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.

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GEORGE RANKEN, Mayor and Returning Officer.

Town Hall, East St. Leonards, January 14, 1887.

BOURKE OF VICTORIA.

ELECTION OF ALDERMEN AND AUDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that a PUBLIC MEETING of the Electors of the Municipality of Victoria will be held at the Town Hall, Pitt-street, 10th instant, Morning, 10 a.m.; Evening, 7 p.m.; Two auditors, one for each Ward, and two auditors in place of those returning by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.

Nominations must be in writing, and delivered to me not later than MONDAY, 24th January.

SAMUEL BLUE, Returning-officer.

Holtville Union-street, Blue Point-road.

TOWN HALL, Pitt-street, 10th January, 1887.

BOURKE OF WATERTON.

NOTICE is hereby given in accordance with the provisions of the Municipalities Act of 1867, that a MEETING of the Electors of the above Municipality will be held at the Council-chambers, Watertown, Pitt-street, 10th instant, Morning, 10 a.m.; Evening, 7 p.m.; Two auditors, one for each Ward, and two auditors in place of those returning by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.

Nominations must be in writing, and delivered to me not later than MONDAY, 24th January.

HOWARD BOOTH, Mayor and Returning Officer.

Town Hall, Pitt-street, Watertown, January 14, 1887.

BOURKE OF WAVERLEY.

NOTICE is hereby given in accordance with the provisions of the Municipalities Act of 1867, that a MEETING of the Electors of the above Municipality will be held at the Town Hall, Pitt-street, 10th instant, Morning, 10 a.m.; Evening, 7 p.m.; Two auditors, one for each Ward, and two auditors in place of those returning by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.

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GEORGE RANKEN, Mayor and Returning Officer.

Town Hall, Pitt-street, Watertown, January 14, 1887.

BOURKE OF WEAVERLEY.

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WILLIAM BLUE, Returning Officer.

Abbotsford, Leichhardt-street, Waverley.

JANUARY 14, 1887.

BOURKE OF WEAVERLEY.

NOTICE is hereby given that a PUBLIC MEETING of the Electors of the Municipality of Waverley will be held at the Town Hall, Pitt-street, 10th instant, Morning, 10 a.m.; Evening, 7 p.m.; Two auditors, one for each Ward, and two auditors in place of those returning by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.

Nominations must be in writing, and delivered to me not later than MONDAY, 24th January.

ROBERT T. ORR, Council Clerk.

Borough Council-chambers, Waverley.

JANUARY 14, 1887.

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ROBERT T. ORR, Council Clerk.

AS YOU LIKE IT.

"Ay, marry, now unmanns you wisdom!"—ROBINALD.

"Can there possibly be a lower depth for this Government?" is the instantaneous greeting not only of politicians meeting in streets and clubs, but of ordinary countrymen, to whom the "vicissitudes of politics," as Mr. Fawcett would phrase it, are not a concern. And everybody seems of the same opinion on that question, and to think that no lower depth of degradation remains for this unhappy administration to sound. If pity ever entered into the heart of a politician looking on while his rival was engaged in transacting an "unhappy despatch," even Sir Henry Parkes would admit that the sensations faculty is just now paralysed by pity; pity for the wretched people grinsing at the man described to everybody who faced his grossing mahogany Required.

Two letters in the *Herald* of Thursday and of yesterday respectively seem to me to demand a good deal of attention. "An Observer," writing under the title of "Divided Authority," tells us that "perhaps it is not generally known to the public who travel in colonial steamer that in addition to the ordinary offices of the ship there is a secret office, who is one of the crew, namely a fireman, whose duty it is to give the orders to the crew to discharge it by order of the delegates." On this pleasing information Mr. T. M. Davis, the secretary of the Federated Seamen's Union, comments as follows:—"An Observer" would have the public think that the so-called secret office is in charge of the ship, and not the captain. To that I can only say that the delegate, thanks to our strength and organisation, does not require to keep secret his position. But he never asserts it until some of the master and officers attempt to infringe on our rules in order to obtain a little more favour in the eyes of their owners than other masters in the same employ. Of course it is not to be wondered at that masters and owners look upon us with jealous eyes when comparing our position with their own helplessness." This seems to me to amount to an endorsement of "Observer's" allegation, with the addition that their fireman's position is openly acknowledged to be paramount. Only you see this fireman is a very disreputable person. The captain may think that a certain thing ought to be done; if the fireman thinks it ought not to be done because it happens to be an infringement of "our rules," it isn't done—that is all. And then the fireman being of course, a person of superior education and intelligence to the captain, will be able to tell in a moment whether the captain is acting in the interest of the ship and all on board of her—whether he is trying to obtain a little more favour with his owners than he is justified entitled to. With this in view, his duty, if he is not above perceiving them, is distinctly qualify him to form an exact judgement in cases of difficulty. It is so much easier to determine what ought to be done with the ship when you are stoking a furnace down below than when you are up on the bridge. Or was it grimness from that the Union decided to place this power in the hands of a fireman? May be he is an actual fireman shovelling coal and coke? or are we to see in his occupation something allegorical? Is he a human heating human jealousies and passions—keeping a basked up furnace of what, in the lands of tyranny, would possibly be called by the hard name which is then applied to disobedience of orders at sea. I know not. But I begin to think that if masters and officers are thus helpless, we may, some of us, come to prefer those master-stemmers of whose competence we have heard complaints. We know that the captain and officers are not helpless there; that we prefer to rely upon their discretion rather than that of a fireman; and we believe that if somebody will distribute in trust the old fable of the "belly and the members" amongst colonial seamen these latter may see that our preference may have its reaction—some day—upon themselves also.

There is one man in the whole colony so astutely impervious to human malice as to deserve that in the present condition of the temperature at this season, and under these other surroundings, he does not in his heart pity Lord Carrington? An unchallengeable Australian has said that the primary object of every colonial Governor is to keep out of "scamper," which, being translated a little liberally, means to keep all right with the Secretary of State for the Colonies; and that his second object is to make a good record in view of promotion. Lord Carrington is not perhaps much penetrated by either of these objects. I believe that he honestly thinks that politics may be learnt in New South Wales—politics likely to be very useful in the future to a Cabinet Minister. And I think he is right. I believe this colony to be an excellent nursery for a future Secretary of State. But then these nasty lessons in Government ought not to come on each other's heels quite so rapidly. A horrible experience in the exercise of the prerogative might have been enough for a few weeks; but no sooner has Lord Carrington gone away for a few days' rest and relaxation in his country quarters than a Ministerial crisis comes on, and he is saluted suddenly by a Premiership resignation, and afterwards by a separate tender of the same from the big man of the Cabinet. There is no precedent for such a political life which will be missed increasingly. We could have better spared a greater. I cannot say a better man. Men like this are the bane of the political ship. There are plenty of minds ready to act the part of the canvas. And these, because they do not see what he can do without hurting himself, and what he cannot, and if that line depends entirely on his physical vigour, he is to know that when as a old he goes to the University? Every man needs to be a physiologist, and to know the measure of his bodily strength, and what scientific instrument is there which will determine the line between prudence and imprudence? Long before science was known as a guide of life, it was the fashion for experienced men to say to the young, "Have a care of yourselves, and mind you do not go too far, for if you do you will suffer for it." This advice has always been recognised as representing prudence, but it has not precluded to be anything more? But we are new to say that there is nothing more? That prudence is the very summum of morality, and that if a man keeps clear of nature's penalty, he has lived up to nature's virtue.

With Lord Iddesleigh disappears a figure from British political life which will be missed increasingly. We could have better spared a greater. I cannot say a better man. Men like this are the bane of the political ship. There are plenty of minds ready to act the part of the canvas. And these, because they do not see what he can do without hurting himself, and what he cannot, and if that line depends entirely on his physical vigour, he is to know that when as a old he goes to the University? Every man needs to be a physiologist, and to know the measure of his bodily strength, and what scientific instrument is there which will determine the line between prudence and imprudence? Long before science was known as a guide of life, it was the fashion for experienced men to say to the young, "Have a care of yourselves, and mind you do not go too far, for if you do you will suffer for it." This advice has always been recognised as representing prudence, but it has not precluded to be anything more? That prudence is the very summum of morality, and that if a man keeps clear of nature's penalty, he has lived up to nature's virtue.

It may be said, indeed, that some men's follies live after them, in temperament and in germs of disease bequeathed to their children, and that this is nature's punishment visited on the second and the third generation. But in the first place this is not certain, the laws of heredity being at present extremely obscure, and science therefore having no extreme cred in the subject, and in the second place the punishment does not descend on the evil-doer. This is a well-known Scripture doctrine but it is not the whole of its teaching, whereas science has nothing more than the bare fact of human life, and the inferences from it, to give us as morality. Some indeed might be troubled by the thought that though certain disabilities they were afflicting their children, but others would contemplate it with great complacency. Then there is no treason in the father, which is no treason in the childless man? If so, nature's judgment offends against our sense of right and wrong, and if, as Professor Huxley would argue, we get that sense of right and wrong from Nature herself, then she contradicts herself.

Now, let us pass on from personal morality to social morality. Here, too, we are told there is a fixed order of nature, and every social wrong does bring its punishment to the offender, either quickly or with mathematical accuracy, and sometimes not at all. What a mass of wrongdoing there is at the present moment of which the laws of the country take no note, and of which the social code takes no note. Is it true that nature takes note of all, and that the reckoning, though delayed, will surely come? If so, where is the proof of it? Where is the experience to show that social punishment has always been in proportion to social wrongdoing? Of course we can cite many instances where national sins have brought national punishment, but where is the "fixed law of nature" in virtue of which we can trace the exactitude of retribution? We know that water will freeze at a temperature of 32° and boil at 212°, and will gradually increase in heat during all the intervening degrees? Have we any proof that social disorganisation follows similarly according to the amount of individual offence? Society is no doubt a more complex than water, so we must make allowances accordingly for the difficulties of observation, and we must also allow for the countervailing influences of good men. But can we say that experience has shown as anything like a fixed law of nature, according to which the quantum of disorganisation exactly corresponds to the quantum of individual vice? One thing is quite certain, and that is that for the purposes of society experience shows that we must not trust to any such law. If, indeed, nature did the work of retribution perfectly there would be no need for human laws, tribunals, and punishments, for why should we seek to improve upon nature? Experience has taught us that two things are necessary in order that punishment may be socially effective, namely, promptitude and certainty. The more the chances of escape are multiplied, or punishment postponed, the less deterrent law becomes. This is no recent observation, for an ancient commentator on human affairs wrote: "Because sentence against an evil work is not executed speedily, therefore the heart of the sons of men is fully set in them to do evil." The law of nature, even if we could prove that it works out precisely in the long run, is not quick enough for social purposes, and does not fall enough on the exact offender. We have lately in Sydney executed the extreme sentence of the law on some great offenders, but those who profess to know tell us that there are scores of men walking about the streets of Sydney at least as guilty as those who suffered. They walk "unwink'd of justice," and if the law of man has not touched them, so far as experience teaches, the law of nature is not likely to. Society may suffer, but it will not only as a consequence of their criminality, but of their having been unpunished. All human laws represent an establishment of human existence, and by means of them we are continually

I say with the greatest possible reverence: but I really am afraid that the Admiral in the goodness of his very large heart has made a mistake in moving the flagship a few hundred feet out of the fairway. I don't mean that the blue-jackets will find it a little easier to indulge in swimming excursions to Mrs. Macquarie's Chair without "anxious reserves," which domineered blue-jackets ought never to lose, but something else. While the Nelson had a berth in the edge of the fairway, the Martin had a fine imperial grievance to think about and make the subject of pleasant depositions to the admiral. "How is that you have got into this?" But not only the Marine Board, but their superiors, the coasting skippers, are to be pitied in this matter. However, when one of them comes into collision with the rocks, he will no longer be able to growl about that imperial obstacle in the fairway, and suggest that the time has come for cutting the painter which binds this colony to a mother as oblivious of her obligations. The Admiral has cut away all that wall-roads ground from under their feet. They can't blame the Nelson now for a catastrophe happening in Darling Harbour, or down there at Watson's Bay or Bradley's Head. And the worst of it is, no other peg for a growth has been supplied them instead of that which they have lost just when they had got so familiar with it. Really authorities ecclesiastical, civil, military, naval, or municipal, ought to think twice before they rob us of our grievances. It takes a long time as a rule before we take to a new species; and the newspapers, however active and ingenious in the propagation of fresh subjects for agony, can't be expected to have a sufficient supply in stock ready cut and dried. For grievances are like the glorious English Constitution, they are not made, they grow.

Who that thoroughly knew John Nagle Ryan, of Galway, I think that was his country place—could read about his sudden death without a sharp pang? Of course, he wasn't a politician—at least he did not belong to the tribe of wicks who are always asking

QUESTIONS OR MAKING SPEECHES—but he was a politician in the highest sense when you got him at home. No one had such an instinct towards baronial hospitality in these degenerate days. His greatest delight would have been to celebrate the Centennial all by himself. He had not descended to the party scheming devices of modern Amphitryons. The same wine was at the upper table as down away below the salt, and the same viands. One was as the river, the other as the islands. Everything was on a scale of barbaric grandeur not elsewhere to be enjoyed. No where else in this colony could a man, in Homeric fashion, "stretch forth his hands to the equal feast." But to be entertained by this dear old Consul Fawcett meant the possession of almost superhuman gastric juice, which the generous soul of the man ascribed to everybody who faced his grossing mahogany Required.

Two letters in the *Herald* of Thursday and of yesterday respectively seem to me to demand a good deal of attention. "An Observer," writing under the title of "Divided Authority," tells us that "perhaps it is not generally known to the public who travel in colonial steamer that in addition to the ordinary offices of the ship there is a secret office, who is one of the crew, namely a fireman, whose duty it is to give the orders to the crew to discharge it by order of the delegates." On this pleasing information Mr. T. M. Davis, the secretary of the Federated Seamen's Union, comments as follows:—"An Observer" would have the public think that the so-called secret office is in charge of the ship, and not the captain. To that I can only say that the delegate, thanks to our strength and organisation, does not require to keep secret his position. But he never asserts it until some of the master and officers attempt to infringe on our rules in order to obtain a little more favour in the eyes of their owners than other masters in the same employ. Of course it is not to be wondered at that masters and owners look upon us with jealous eyes when comparing our position with their own helplessness." This seems to me to amount to an endorsement of "Observer's" allegation, with the addition that their fireman's position is openly acknowledged to be paramount. Only you see this fireman is a very disreputable person. The captain may think that a certain thing ought to be done; if the fireman thinks it ought not to be done because it happens to be an infringement of "our rules," it isn't done—that is all. And then the fireman being of course, a person of superior education and intelligence to the captain, will be able to tell in a moment whether the captain is acting in the interest of the ship and all on board of her—whether he is trying to obtain a little more favour with his owners than he is justified entitled to. With this in view, his duty, if he is not above perceiving them, is distinctly qualify him to form an exact judgement in cases of difficulty. It is so much easier to determine what ought to be done with the ship when you are stoking a furnace down below than when you are up on the bridge. Or was it grimness from that the Union decided to place this power in the hands of a fireman? May be he is an actual fireman shovelling coal and coke? or are we to see in his occupation something allegorical? Is he a human heating human jealousies and passions—keeping a basked up furnace of what, in the lands of tyranny, would possibly be called by the hard name which is then applied to disobedience of orders at sea. I know not. But I begin to think that if masters and officers are thus helpless, we may, some of us, come to prefer those master-stemmers of whose competence we have heard complaints. We know that the captain and officers are not helpless there; that we prefer to rely upon their discretion rather than that of a fireman; and we believe that if somebody will distribute in trust the old fable of the "belly and the members" amongst colonial seamen these latter may see that our preference may have its reaction—some day—upon themselves also.

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SUPREME COURT.—FRIDAY, JANUARY 14.

(In Chambers.—Before his Honor Sir GEORGE INNES.)

THOMPSON v. DOLY.

Mr. C. B. Stephen for plaintiff, and Mr. Foster for defendant.

His Honor made an order for the payment by garnishee of £50 on or before 4 p.m. on Monday next, otherwise execution would issue. The garnishee was not allowed costs, but plaintiff was granted costs of the application against the judgment debt.

IN THE FORMER.

Mr. Edmunds applied ex parte for a rule nisi of habeas corpus in a matter of alleged conspiracy to defraud.

His Honor granted the rule, making it returnable for the first Friday of January.

DAWSON V. HAWORTH.

Messrs. Abbott and Dodds for applicant, and Mr. C. B. Stephen for plaintiff.

In this case His Honor granted a postponement for a fortnight, if plaintiff, by 1 p.m. on the 16th instant, pay the amount of £25, and costs, to add to the result of the application; otherwise the application to be considered dismissed with costs.

BUTCHER V. MACKLEY.

Mr. Longstaff for plaintiff, and Mr. Minter for plaintiff.

This was an interesting case, commenced to stand over for a fortnight, but in the mean time His Honor directed that the goods be sold and the proceeds paid into court, to avoid the result of the application; otherwise the application to be dismissed with costs.

HIS HONOR refused the application, with costs.

TODD V. INNIN.

Mr. Edmunds for the judgment creditor, and Mr. Macarthy for garnishee.

His Honor made an order for payment of £114 on the judgment debt, with costs, £4 10s., and for garnishee to retain £2 2s. in addition to his costs.

In Chambers. Ecclesiastical Court. (Before his Honor Sir GEORGE INNES.)

IN RE RICHARD KENNAN, DECEASED.

Mr. Dawson, for the widow (administrator) applied for power to mortgage the real estate so as to pay debts, all the personalty, and other assets of Richard Kennan, deceased, outstanding claims against the estate, and the administration bank account for payment. There were three or four infant children. The estate was declared to be worth £7,000.

His Honor made the order as prayed, and allowed costs out of the estate.

IN RE ESTATE OF RAGLAN DAWSON, DECEDATED.

Mr. Dawson applied on behalf of the widow for letters of administration to be granted to her.

His Honor made the order as prayed.

POLICE.

Mr. O'Malley Clarke, S.M., presided in the Charge Division of the Central Police Court on Thursday. A number of persons were fined for being drunk and disorderly and threatening others. *Joseph Foley*, 33, a butcher, having been drunk, and having behaved in a riotous manner in Park-street, was sent to goal for two months, with hard labour. For maliciously injuring a leg, the property of Robert Connel, *Daniel McCarthy*, 42, was fined £6, or two months, and was sentenced to hard labour. The same prisoner was also fined £5, or two months, for assaulting Robert Connel. A firman named Edward Stater was ordered to pay a fine of 40s., or 14 days, for having indulged in obscene language. *James McNeely*, 30, one of the accused, who had been convicted of drunkenness within the preceding 12 months, was sentenced to three months, with hard labour, for behaving in a riotous manner in Belmore Park. A delicate-looking woman, apparently consumptive, named *Mary Butler*, was charged with maliciously injuring a leg, the property of *John Williams*, 26, a labourer, and was sentenced to six months' imprisonment with hard labour. On the Summons side, before Mr. T. K. Abbott, S.M., Inspector Seymour proceeded against a number of persons for infringing the city by-laws. *Thomas McElroy*, 34, M.P., in the Charge Division yesterday, and displayed a number of cases. For using indecent language in Goulburn-street, *Thomas Blakley*, 54, a labourer, was fined 40s., or 14 days; and *Sarah Allwood*, 44, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment for a similar offence. *Bridget Forsyth*, charged with being drunk to the value of the property of *Elias Cohen*, was sent to goal for four days. *Henry Woodhouse*, for using indecent language in the bar of *McGlynn's* hotel, was fined 60s., or one month. *Annie Evans*, well known to the police as a common prostitute, who had been vagrant, was sentenced to three weeks to the House of Hope. *Alexander Anderson*, 21, was similarly dealt with. *Lewis Reek*, 26, for stealing boards worth £1, the property of *Elias Cohen*, was sentenced to four days' imprisonment. A young man, named *Thomas Keay*, was charged with assaulting *Thomas Thomas*. The prisoner was held over to the following day. *Henry Woodhouse*, for using indecent language in the office of his employer, was sentenced to four days' imprisonment. *Mattie Marie Evans*, a young woman of respectable appearance, was charged with maliciously wounding *Mary Jane Perkins* on the 6th instant. The prisoner, it appeared, lived with the parents of the victim, and was about 18 years of age. She was unmarred; *Albert Delort* was rather small build, about 5 feet 3 inches in height, and was of dark complexion; *Delort* had recently been an inmate of Callan Park Asylum, to which institution he had been committed on charge of insanity. He was discharged from the hospital on the 1st instant, and he had been in the following morning called at his (wife's) office in Pitt-street; *Delort* then wore clothing identical with that in charge of the police, and which belonged to the deceased. He had not the slightest doubt on the part of his employer that she was dead. *Delort* said he had been informed by his employer that she had been found hanging in a room in the house, and that he had not the faintest idea as to what had become of her. *John Smith*, 21, who was native of Mauritius, and was about 21 years of age, the wife was about 18 years of age, was unmarred; *Albert Delort* was rather small build, about 5 feet 3 inches in height, and was of dark complexion; *Delort* had recently been an inmate of Callan Park Asylum, to which institution he had been committed on charge of insanity. He was discharged from the hospital on the 1st instant, and he had been in the following morning called at his (wife's) office in Pitt-street; *Delort* then wore clothing identical with that in charge of the police, and which belonged to the deceased. 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SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

THE TURF.

In another column will be found an advertisement relating to the A. J. C. meeting. It refers to the election of members of committees, and it will be seen by the rule quoted that the secretary of the club, who happens to be the writing paper is opened by the secretaries, and not as some people suppose, by the secretary of the club.

The Rockbank race meeting has been registered under the A. J. C. rules.

There are three racers in Australia say that the nearest approach to Archer there is have is Fitzpatrick. They say he has the same length of limb, the same activity, and the same result of riding and finishing.

The Furryites States in 1889, to be run under the auspices of the Australian Jockey Club will be worth £15,000. They will be made up as follows: From subscriptions of mares—1000 at £25 each, less 25 per cent, for void colts, £2000; produce left in July 15, 1888, £50 at £10 each, £2600; left by July 15, 1889, £50 at £10 each, £2600; £1000 at £25 each, £2500; total, £15,000.

With the exception of the above, the sum is £2000, before them, some of our colonial breeders might think it is worth their while to send in a nomination or two.

Since Maas S. set the world a record for the number of wins in a single trotting trial, he has not been beaten until Harry Wilkes beat him. Wilkes is from the Hill District track, San Francisco, on the 28th of November, for a special purse of \$5000 dollars for named horses.

Outrigger race, 130 yards—1st division: P. Kemp, 4 seconds; 1: J. McLean, 35 seconds; 2: C. Matheron, 10 seconds; 3rd division: 1: C. Matheron, 13 seconds. Final heat: Standard 1; C. Matheron, 12 seconds. 2nd: Kemp, 2. Final: J. Stanley, 40 seconds; 3rd: C. Matheron, 41 seconds. 2nd: J. Stanley, 1 minute 10 seconds; 3rd: Kemp, 1 minute 15 seconds. It is understood that the money will not be paid at all events, but for the second man is concerned—will he get his money?

The Double Sculls Race was won by Miller and Yeoman. Two other unimportant events had not been decided when the train left for Goulburn.

TASMANIAN RACING CLUB SUMMER MEETING.

HOBART, FRIDAY.

The following weights have been declared for the

HOBART RACE MEETING.

	st. lb.	st. lb.
Dunstone	10 10 Western	7 10 Cestus
Yester	9 9 Aralane	7 10 May Day
Woolley	10 10 Starburst	7 10 Starburst
Hetheran	8 4 Gravelle	7 8 Knave
Honeycutt	8 2 Iroquois	7 6 Burials
Pearson	8 2 Fish o' Silver	7 1 King Louis
Vision	8 0 Amelia	7 2 Big Middleton
Eagle	7 15 First Light	7 0

The acceptances are to be declared on the 25th instant.

LAWRENCE HANDICAP.

GRAFTON, FRIDAY.

The following weights have been declared for the Lawrence Handicap, to be run on Anniversary Day—

Leri	9 2 Aralane	7 9 Lopee	... 6 12
Woolley	9 2 Gillah	7 7 Ramona	... 6 12
Woolley	10 15 Emmanuel	7 4 Aramis	... 6 12
Knight Errant	9 2 Beaconsfield	7 4 Leopold	... 6 12
Agate	7 10		

The acceptances are to be declared on the 25th instant.

GRAFTON ODDFELLOWS' ATHLETIC HANDICAP.

GRAFTON, FRIDAY.

For the Oddfellows' Athletic Handicap of 125 yards, to be run on Anniversary Day, 124 nominations were received, being the largest number ever sent in.

In view of the objectionable conditions for the race, the year's several important meetings will be submitted, and it behoves every member having the interest of the club at heart to attend.

The regular annual meeting of the Hawkesbury Race Club will be held for Monday next.

Mr. F. S. Reynolds, of Hill, will leave for Tasmania to-day for a change of air, and it is to be hoped that he will see something sufficiently attractive amongst the blood stock there to warrant his importing it to this colony.

Early yesterday morning the trotting trials were visited by a number of spectators, and the good thing for to-day's trotting races; but as the horses present were only trained to fight going, nothing definite could be planned.

Cyclists will have a strong wind and a half, moving freely and well, Mr. Fairland, the manager, is active in

comparing his nice steady miles and a-quarter, and nothing was exceeded, and the little ones moved very peacefully.

Native Cat is a little over himself, but he has not been in his trainer's hands long enough.

Beach put in some nice work, and his condition is first-class. He looks as though for a race.

Preston is a good horse, and he has seen magnificient fine weather.

He is a surety and steady, and the best of the day.

The regular annual meeting of the Australian Jockey Club will be held at Tattersall's-chamber, Hunter-street, at 4 o'clock on next Monday afternoon, when a very large attendance is anticipated.

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THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD, SATURDAY, JANUARY 15, 1887.

Special Advertisements.

ELVY AND CO'S PIANOFORTE GALLERY.
The CHEAPEST HOUSE
for Sale or Rent.
Case of NEW MUSIC Just Received.
**MADAME SUMMERHAYES, Pianist, Grafton-st.,
Waverley. Messrs. Schott and Co., 231, George-street.**
**BRUCE AND MASSEY, PIANO, ORGAN, AND
MUSIC WAREHOUSE, 197, Pitt-street.**
**PASSENGERS PER P. AND O. CO.'S STEAM-
SHIPS CAN OBTAIN
SYDNEY MORNING HERALD,
SYDNEY MAIL,
and
ECHO.**
**WILLIAM ALEXANDER,
one at the Observer Office, Colombo, Ceylon.**

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Attention is respectfully directed to the following rules:—
No notice can be taken of anonymous communications.
Whatever is intended for insertion in this journal must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.
All communications intended for insertion in the news correspondence column should be addressed to THE EDITOR.
All letters and communications on business should be addressed to JOHN FAIRFAX AND SONS.
We cannot in any case undertake to return unpublished manuscripts.
Advertisements should reach this office not later than 8 p.m., and indicate in the first line under what heading they are intended to appear.
While every care is exercised to secure the insertion and due publication of advertisements, the proprietors do not accept any responsibility in reference thereto; and they reserve to themselves the right of withholding from publication any advertisement which they may deem to be objectionable, although it may have been received in the ordinary course of business.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 15, 1887.

From the information published elsewhere it will be seen that one point of uncertainty has been removed from the political situation. The PREMIER has pressed for the acceptance of the resignation of the Ministry, so that there is no further ground for speculation as to possible separate action by the COLONIAL SECRETARY or its results. The understanding is that Parliament on meeting next week will simply be asked to provide means for carrying on the government of the country until a new Ministry can be formed, and those of its members who seats in the Assembly can be re-elected. As her MAJESTY's Government must be carried on, there is little doubt that supplies will be granted; but it is not to be assumed that the vote will be passed without discussion. The circumstances invite it. When Parliament meets there will be no fully authorised leader, but only a *locum tenens*, and members may be tempted to talk at large about the position of public affairs. If they should yield to the temptation, the discussion will not flag for want of scope. Much will depend upon what happens before Tuesday next. It is not yet known for whom his EXCELLENCY will send; and although the Assembly has generally shown itself unwilling to pronounce judgment upon a newly-formed Ministry until its members have been returned and are present to defend themselves, we are not without precedent for the intervention of the Assembly with expressions of opinion whilst a new Ministry is being formed.

It is, perhaps, too much to expect that this process will be carried through before Tuesday arrives. The questions now of interest to the public are, for whom will his EXCELLENCY send, and upon what lines will the new Ministry be constructed? These questions will not admit of so simple and speedy an answer as a hasty glance at the situation might suggest. The immediate cause of the resignation of the Ministry was the dispute between the PREMIER and the COLONIAL SECRETARY, but it would be idle to suppose that in the production of this crisis no other influences were at work. There is little doubt that the Ministry was unprepared to meet Parliament with confidence at the opening of a new session, and that this unpreparedness was the result of the absence of a common policy founded upon a common political creed. If the Ministry had been united in policy and in belief, and had simply broken down through a dispute between its chief and a Minister who would not resign and was not to be dismissed, the problem for solution would have been a comparatively simple one. The retiring Ministry would have disappeared with but little change, and would have appealed to the House for a continuance of the support which it had previously received. But it is well understood that this would not be an accurate description of the past, or such a view of the future as the facts would justify.

The retiring Ministry commanded last session the votes of a majority of the House, and perhaps it will be said that under these circumstances it should be simply reconstructed, or that at the most a new Ministry should be formed from the same side of the House, to carry out the same policy.

But what was the policy of the retiring Ministry? and what line could it have followed if it had not retired? The PREMIER on assuming office declared in favour of one line of policy, and after meeting the House introduced another. The chief measure passed by the Ministry last session was framed to catch support from both sides of the House, and was so far successful. It was introduced as a measure consistent with free trade, it was carried as the first step towards the establishment of protection. If the new Ministry should be framed to carry out the policy of the last, what should be its characteristic? Should it be a Free-trade Ministry or a Protectionist Ministry, or a Ministry that talked free trade and promoted protection? And to what part of the House should it look for support? Are we again to see men sitting on the Opposition benches and walking across the House to uphold the Government that repudiates the principles in support of which they give their votes? This was the sort of thing that was witnessed last session, and if the House is not ashamed of it the country may well be tired of it. Nothing worse for the country could happen at this moment than the reconstruction of a Ministry facing both ways.

If we must have a reconstructed Ministry, the more honest course would be either for the freetraders who were in the retiring Ministry to be left out, or for the protectionists to be left out, so that the result might be the formation of a Ministry with some consistency in its opinions, and courage enough to follow them out. But even this idea could not safely be carried into effect, at least in one of the two directions indicated. A Protectionist Ministry, made up of the protectionist section of the retiring Ministry with others added, might be trusted to

push on the cause of protection in a straightforward way; but what faith could be placed in any so-called Free-trade Ministry if any of the retiring Ministry were members? If this question is to be fought out fairly the cause of free trade should be in the hands of unsuspected men.

It is believed by some that protection is favoured by a majority of members in the House. If that be the case, there has been a great deal of unfaithfulness and false profession somewhere. The country did not at the last general election send in a majority of members to effect a radical change in its fiscal policy. Before such a change is made, there should be an appeal to the country so that there may be an authoritative declaration of what the country really means. But the state of feeling in the House cannot be ascertained in a regular way without a vote. Protection has not yet been affirmed by a vote of the House. The House pronounced last session against the proposed grain duties. The way is therefore plainly open for the formation of a Free-trade Ministry. And if a new Ministry were formed on the basis of free trade, and the House decided against it on that ground, the vote would show that the right course had been taken, because a sufficient reason would then appear for an appeal to the country upon a question which ought not to be settled otherwise.

The manner in which unnecessary appointments are too often made in the Civil Service, under the pressure of political influence, was happily illustrated by Mr. GARVAN in the course of his recent speech at Albury. It appeared, represented to the head of his Department that, having too much office work to do, he had been obliged to pay an assistant out of his own pocket, and he therefore prayed that the MINISTER OF JUSTICE might be moved to appoint a permanent clerk to assist him. To support this memorial, all the available influence of the district was judiciously brought to bear on the MINISTER. The police magistrate, the land agent, thirteen justices of the peace, and several other influential gentlemen cordially lent their names to the petition. Under ordinary circumstances, most Ministers would probably have yielded to the pressure and appointed the first young gentleman recommended for the new billet; but, as it so happened that the application came in at a time when the recent Exhibition was not very favourably received, and that the Hon. ROYAL HIGHNESS brought it forward in its present shape as a means of celebrating the QUEEN'S Jubilee. Her MAJESTY appears to have taken a very lively interest in the scheme, having no doubt been strongly impressed by the extent and variety of the colonial products at the recent Exhibition. The PRINCE assures us that Her MAJESTY "will specially value the Institute as a memorial of the love and loyalty of her subjects, as tending to promote the industrial and commercial resources of her dominions, and as an expression of the unity and co-operation which Her MAJESTY desires should prevail among all classes and races of the Empire." There can be very little doubt that, if the various colonies should unite in supporting the Institute, it will fail to realise the anticipations that have been formed of it. Its ultimate success will of course depend more on the support of the colonies than on the patronage of princes, and it remains to be seen whether the project will be as warmly welcomed in the outposts of the Empire as it has been in the centre. The money contributions of the colonies to the estimated cost of opening the Institute—£900,000—may possibly disappoint its patrons; but the contributions in the shape of exhibits would be of far more importance than subscriptions to the fund, and it is on the collection of these exhibits that the real value of the institution will depend.

We publish elsewhere a Minute which the retiring COLONIAL SECRETARY leaves behind him, bringing under the notice of his successor the recent correspondence between the Government and the directors of the Sydney Hospital, and matters connected therewith. It will be seen that the COLONIAL SECRETARY has carried into effect the intention he made known to the directors some time before the close of last year; and in the absence of any action on their part towards the removal of the patients from the present inflammable premises to safer quarters, the Government Medical Adviser has, under his instructions, removed the whole of the patients to whose support the Government contributes. We do not know exactly what this means. In the report for 1886 of the INSTRUCTOR OF CHARITERS, it will be seen that whilst the Government paid £3000 for the maintenance and treatment of "poor patients," there was a per capita subsidy amounting to £3800 to the hospital funds. The Government, in fact, provided two-thirds of the income of the institution. But the Minute says that many patients still remain, and we presume that those only have been removed who bear the special designation above quoted. The Government has offered to assist the directors in removing the rest, and has undertaken to provide a building to receive them; but the proposals have not been approved by the directors; and when it is remembered that one of these gentlemen recently warned his colleagues that if the patients were all removed the stone building in Macquarie-street would not be completed, there is ground for the belief expressed by Mr. DIBBS that the directors are determined to force the Government to complete the Macquarie-street building before they will provide more suitable temporary accommodation for the patients. Under these circumstances, Mr. DIBBS suggests that the next Government should stop the supplies until the directors change their attitude. Whether that course will be followed depends upon the question who his successor may be. The power of the purse is in the hands of the Government and the Assembly, and no Government ought to allow itself to be coerced by a board of directors. But the Minute says that many patients still remain, and we presume that those only have been removed who bear the special designation above quoted. 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'will re-commence the practice of gymnastics on Tuesday evening next.'

Mrs. A. Fouts will deliver the usual popular lecture at the School of Arts on Wednesday. His subject—'Scenes in the Mediterranean,' and will be illustrated by lantern views of some of the most beautiful spots in that lovely sea.

THE EUROPEAN SITUATION.

THE CONTINENTAL PRESS ON PRINCE BISMARCK'S SPEECH.

(By CARL.)
(From our own Correspondent.)

LONDON, JAN. 14.
The French press, in commenting upon Prince Bismarck's speech in the Reichstag, characterise the remarks of the German Chancellor as brutal. A less optimistic tone prevails in France.

The *Neue Freie Presse*, of Vienna, declares that the alliance between Austria and Germany is ended.

It is expected that the bill for the increase in the German army will be rejected by a narrow majority in the Reichstag, despite the frequent appeals of Prince Bismarck to pass the bill.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

ST. PETERSBURG, JAN. 13.
Commenting on Prince Bismarck's recent speech in the Reichstag, the semi-official Russian papers express the opinion that the effect of the speech must be to strengthen the chances of maintaining peace.

VIENNA, JAN. 13.
The leading Austrian papers coincide with those of France and Russia, that Prince Bismarck's declarations are reassuring, and diminish the prospects of peace being broken.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.

PARIS, JAN. 13.

M. Floquet has been re-elected President of the Chamber of Deputies. In addressing the Chamber to-day, he alluded to the army as being the first national institution. All political parties, he said, were agreed that any sacrifice should be made to strengthen it, in order to secure that respect for France which was essential to the maintenance of peace.

CONFERENCE OF THE LIBERAL PARTY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, JAN. 14.
The conference between the leading members of the Liberal party, which was suggested by Mr. Chamberlain, with the view of arriving at a modus vivendi upon the Irish question and other points of disagreement, was opened yesterday. The proceedings are likely to be of protracted duration.

THE MINISTERIAL CRISIS.

RESIGNATION OF THE GOVERNMENT ACCEPTED.

THE PROBABLE NEW PREMIER.

As we stated yesterday, Sir Patrick Jennings proceeded on Thursday evening by an express train to Moss Vale for the purpose of waiting upon his Excellency the Governor, and arrived at Sutton Forest a little after 6 o'clock. Sir Patrick remained with his Excellency for some hours, and then left by a special train at midnight for Sydney, which was reached at about 4 o'clock yesterday morning. It is understood that the Premier, in following the course which he pursued on the 11th instant, when he placed the resignation of himself and his colleagues in the hands of the Governor, it is said, in feeling himself compelled to prove for the acceptance of his resignation, Sir Patrick was anxious to do this with as little inconvenience or embarrassment to the incoming Administration as could be effected, and that he would, consequently, meet Parliament on Tuesday next, 15th instant, for the purpose of obtaining for his successor the necessary provision to enable them to carry on the public service until such time as they should be able to meet the House as a Ministry.

The decision of Sir Patrick Jennings to hold his resignation was arrived at without previous consultation with his colleagues. No meeting of the Cabinet was held, and none of the Ministers were ignorant of the course taken until they saw the result published in the afternoon papers. A Cabinet meeting, however, has been called for this morning, and at this meeting all the Ministers, including Mr. Dibbs, are likely to attend. Immediately it became known yesterday that the Governor had been informed by Sir Patrick Jennings that he could not so far his way to withdraw his resignation, speculation became rife as to who was likely to be requested by Lord Carrington to form the new Ministry. Public opinion fixed upon the leader of the Opposition, Sir Henry Parkes. It was not thought, by those acquainted with the present Parliament, that Sir Henry Parkes was likely to be formed a Government without difficulty, or that if he formed an Administration it would be able to make any substantial progress in the present crisis, as it is to a large extent, of members who are either out-and-out protectionists, or men who entertain opinions which tend in the direction of protection. But it was considered that a Parkes Government might very fairly come into power, and that when it found opposition so great that no business could be done, the Governor could justly grant Sir Henry a dissolution. From all that could be gathered, however, last night, it would appear that Lord Carrington has not been advised to send for Sir Henry Parkes. The new premier, or the gentleman to be entrusted with the duty of forming a new Ministry, is more likely, according to reports in political circles, to be Mr. Edmund Barton, the present Speaker of the Legislative Assembly. Yesterday morning, after his return from Moss Vale, Sir Patrick Jennings waited upon Mr. Barton, and had an interview with him, and in the afternoon a rumour, which subsequently proved to be true, was current to the effect that immediately Parliament meets on Tuesday next, Mr. Barton intends to resign the office of Speaker. We believe that one reason for this step is Mr. Barton's desire to devote more time to his profession at the Bar than by always occupying the position of Speaker. He was able to do this, but that the resignation was prompted, also, by another reason, viz., the probability of his Excellency the Governor sending for Mr. Barton and asking him to undertake the task of forming a new administration. Up to a late hour last night nothing had transpired to show that anyone had actually been sent for, but it is not improbable that we shall hear this morning of his Excellency having requested an interview with Mr. Barton.

The fact that this course will be taken is supported by the knowledge that the opinion among the retiring Ministers, and among their supporters, with respect to the position of the Jennings Ministry in the present Pacificament is that the Ministry still enjoys a large support, and has a majority of members in its favour. Under these circumstances, it is thought by many that it would be folly if the whole ministry disengaged itself from existence. With a protectionist ministry, which need not for the present go beyond the introduction of grain duties, it is said that a Government could still sit the end of the Parliament, if not for a longer time, duly appointed. Therefore, the idea seems to be that an attempt should not be made to reconstruct the existing Ministry, but to form a new one, and to bring it into line with the present administration.

The negotiations between the Government and the Victorian Telephone Exchange Company for the purchase of the company's business are now declared to be an end. The directors intimated to the Postmaster-General today that they would not proceed further under the present conditions. The ground of complaint is that each concession allowed by the company has been followed by a demand by the department for fresh concessions. It is asserted that the Postmaster-General has misunderstood the conciliatory attitude assumed by the company as being a sign of weakness. Mr. Barton, on the other hand, declares that he has never sought to deviate from the provisions contained in the basis of arbitration, except where he has given instructions to read the document in favour of the company. The Postmaster-General has decided to telegraph to the Agent-General to recall the Deputy Postmaster-General, who is now on the Continent, to consult with him as to the best appliances to be procured for use at the Government Telephone Exchange. It is probable that the department will lay the wire underground.

THE REDUCTION IN THE BANK RATE.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.
(From our own Correspondent.)

THE VICTORIAN LOAN.

LONDON, JAN. 13.

Eighty-five per cent. of the new Victorian loan of £3,000,000 has been made payable on March 10.

THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

LONDON, JAN. 13.

The Senate of the United States has addressed President Cleveland, asking him to take steps to obtain concessions on behalf of the Government in regard to the control of the Nicaraguan Canal.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

THE NEW SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES.

LONDON, JAN. 13.

Sir Henry Holland, the newly appointed Secretary of State for the Colonies, will formally receive the Agents-General on Monday next.

VISIT OF SIR H. D. WOLFF TO TURKEY.

CAIRO, JAN. 14.

Sir Henry Drummond Wolff, the British Special Commissioner in Egypt, leaves for Constantinople on Saturday. The object of his visit has not been made public, but it is understood that he will confer with Sir William White, the British Ambassador, on the Egyptian question.

AFFAIRS IN BURMAH.

MANDALAY, JAN. 13.

From official reports presented to Sir Frederick Roberts, Commander-in-Chief of the British forces in Burmah, by the brigadiers operating under his command, it appears that the organised resistance on the part of the Burmese to British authority is in a great measure ceasing.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, JAN. 13.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Almorra left for Queensland on Tuesday.

COLOMBO, JAN. 13.

The P. and O. Company's R.M.S. Parma left this afternoon, outwards.

THE BULGARIAN DIFFICULTY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

SOFIA, JAN. 13.

The Regents have issued an order forbidding the currency of Russian roubles in Bulgaria.

MR. H. M. STANLEY'S EXPEDITION TO THE SOUDAN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, JAN. 14.

Mr. Henry M. Stanley sails for Africa on the 20th instant, in his mission to rescue Dr. Emin Bey, who was left by the late General Gordon, in charge of the Equatorial provinces in the Soudan. Mr. Stanley hopes to reach him by ascending the Congo. Failing that plan he will proceed overland from Zanzibar.

THE NEW VICTORIAN LOAN.

(By TELEGRAPH.)

(From our own Correspondent.)

MELBOURNE, FRIDAY.

The Agent-General has telegraphed to the Premier the views of the financial advisers of the Victorian Government in London with regard to the reception of the Victorian loan to be placed on the London market next Thursday. They consider it doubtful whether Victoria or any colony will ever realise such an abnormally high price again as was received for the first instalment of the £20,000,000 loan, namely, £106 9d. that loan having been floated under exceptionally favourable circumstances, which are not likely to recur again.

In proof that the price was excessive it is asserted that a considerable portion of the loan has not yet been placed, but remains in the hands of the original purchasers. The money market was then much easier, the bank rate of discount being 3 per cent., and the market rate 16 per cent; whereas now the rates are 6 per cent. and 36 per cent. respectively.

The Treasurer, however, takes a more hopeful view of the situation, on account of the improved financial condition of the colony. The temporary depression in South Australia and New South Wales may have had a somewhat prejudicial effect upon Victoria in the money market, but a comparison of the finances of the Australian colonies must place Victoria in a favourable light.

THE REPRESENTATION OF VICTORIA AT THE IMPERIAL CONFERENCE.

(By TELEGRAPH.)

(From our own Correspondent.)

MELBOURNE, FRIDAY.

Mr. Deakin leaves for London by the R.M.S. Satloe on the 27th of January. The Premiers of Queensland and South Australia will be his fellow-passengers. Mr. Letherby proceeds by the Bengal on the 10th February. The Victorian Government would gladly avail themselves of the services of Sir Graham Berry at the Imperial Conference, but they are anxious to avoid the charge of seeking undue weight in representation, to which they might lay themselves open by sending three or more representatives, seeing that the other colonies are sending only two. As, however, the Conference is to be purely consultative, the Government feel they would not obtain any advantage by inviting the Agent-General to join the Chief Secretary and Minister of Defence at the meeting.

The question will be considered at a meeting of the Cabinet next Monday.

MELBOURNE TELEPHONE EXCHANGE AND THE GOVERNMENT.

(By TELEGRAPH.)

(From our own Correspondent.)

MELBOURNE, FRIDAY.

The negotiations between the Government and the Victorian Telephone Exchange Company for the purchase of the company's business are now declared to be an end. The directors intimated to the Postmaster-General today that they would not proceed further under the present conditions.

The ground of complaint is that each concession allowed by the company has been followed by a demand by the department for fresh concessions.

Mr. T. J. Main, M.A., who has been called to the charge of the Melbourne Presbyterian Church, in the present Pacificament, is that the Ministry still enjoys a large support, and has a majority of members in its favour.

Under these circumstances, it is thought by many that it would be folly if the whole ministry disengaged itself from existence.

With a protectionist ministry, which need not for the present go beyond the introduction of grain duties, it is said that a Government could still sit the end of the Parliament, if not for a longer time, duly appointed.

Therefore, the idea seems to be that an attempt should not be made to reconstruct the existing Ministry, but to form a new one, and to bring it into line with the present administration.

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Mr. T. J. Main, M.A., who has been called to the charge of the Melbourne Presbyterian Church, in the present Pacificament, is that the Ministry still enjoys a large support, and has a majority of members in its favour.

Under these circumstances, it is thought by many that it would be folly if the whole ministry disengaged itself from existence.

With a protectionist ministry, which need not for the present go beyond the introduction of grain duties, it is said that a Government could still sit the end of the Parliament, if not for a longer time, duly appointed.

Therefore, the idea seems to be that an attempt should not be made to reconstruct the existing Ministry, but to form a new one, and to bring it into line with the present administration.

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Auction Sales.

SUNDAY NEXT.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE,
SED INSTANT of Mr. J. M. MCGREGOR,
be THE STEERS, and with the CONSENT of the
MORTGAGEE'S.

SO'S and WRENCH have received instruc-
tions to be public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street,

THE DAY of JANUARY, 1887, at 11 o'clock

14 LOTS, the same will be sold,

AT THE COTTON and COTTON,
DEBRAIN, and COUNTRY PROPERTIES,
belonging to the above estate.

CITY,
LOT 1.
CONVENIENT MERCANTILE POSITION,
SUCH AS QUAY and PITT-STREET NORTH,
and VALUABLE STORES, GREEN'S PLACE,
100 FEET DEEP, AND 100 FEET
WIDE, ON THE BRIDGE-STREET and
BRIDGE-STREET by a lane.

WAREHOUSE ACCOMMODATION

ONE of the BEST POSITIONS in the CITY for a
WHOLESALE TRADE.

so convenient to all the WHARVES of the

CITY, and at the same time ready for despatching by
STEAMER or RAIL.

The purchase of such a good investment either for use as a
MERCHANT or a CAPITALIST, as in course of a
few years, main street premises will be obtained
at a very reasonable price, having CEN-
TRALITY close to EXCHANGE, WHARVES,
BANKS, and the very heart of COMMERCIAL
ACTIVITY.

LOT 2.

BLOCK of LEASEHOLD LAND at FERNYON, portion
of the ULTIMATE ESTATE, having about 71 years to run,

42 feet to JOHN-STREET, EXTERNINGHAM,
BUT 100 FEET DEEP, frontage 100 feet, with a 12-foot lane on its WESTERN

boundary. It is a TERRACE of 3 houses known as

MARGARET, CLOTHES, built of brick (cemented),

iron and wood, having front, and containing two

4 rooms and kitchen.

SUMMERIAN.

LOT 4.

RAMSHOT ESTATE, CANTERBURY,

LANDS OF THE COTTON, opposite CROYDON,

with capital river and main road frontages; a small part is occupied by BRICK FACTORIES, another part by
MANUFACTURES, and the remainder by RESIDENCES.
Buildings are privately situated. The whole of the large

residence is well adapted for PRIVATE DWELLINGS.

BUCKINGHAM, being only a short distance from the

the great CENTRAL BUSINESS PREMISES, on the corner

of the abovementioned important THOROUGHFARES

now occupied H. P. PALMER, Esq.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH will sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 21st JANUARY, at 11 o'clock.

The above-mentioned city lease. The lease is open to inspection on the day of sale.

LOT 5.

AL. BUSINESS NO. 9 on the main thoroughfare of

THE NORTH SHORE, NEWCASTLE.

Block of land, on MASON'S POINT-ROAD, nearly

opposite PALMER-STREET, with a frontage of about

40 feet to the first-stated street, and a depth of

100 feet to the rear, and a 12-foot lane on its WESTERN

boundary, together with the buildings thereon, consisting

of 2 weatherboard shacks on the MASON'S POINT-

ROAD, being 10x12 feet each, and a

LITTLE PITT-STREET, each containing 3 rooms

and kitchen, on the Main Business Artery, near Blund's

Hotel or Council-chambers.

LOT 6.

AL. BUSINESS NO. 10 on the main thoroughfare of

THE NORTH SHORE, NEWCASTLE.

Block of land, on MASON'S POINT-ROAD, nearly

opposite PALMER-STREET, with a frontage of about

40 feet to the first-stated street, and a depth of

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and kitchen, on the Main Business Artery, near Blund's

Hotel or Council-chambers.

LOT 7.

AL. BUSINESS NO. 11 on the main thoroughfare of

THE NORTH SHORE, NEWCASTLE.

Block of land, on MASON'S POINT-ROAD, nearly

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Hotel or Council-chambers.

LOT 8.

AL. BUSINESS NO. 12 on the main thoroughfare of

THE NORTH SHORE, NEWCASTLE.

Block of land, on MASON'S POINT-ROAD, nearly

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LITTLE PITT-STREET, each containing 3 rooms

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Hotel or Council-chambers.

LOT 9.

AL. BUSINESS NO. 13 on the main thoroughfare of

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Hotel or Council-chambers.

LOT 10.

AL. BUSINESS NO. 14 on the main thoroughfare of

THE NORTH SHORE, NEWCASTLE.

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Hotel or Council-chambers.

LOT 11.

AL. BUSINESS NO. 15 on the main thoroughfare of

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Hotel or Council-chambers.

LOT 12.

AL. BUSINESS NO. 16 on the main thoroughfare of

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Hotel or Council-chambers.

LOT 13.

AL. BUSINESS NO. 17 on the main thoroughfare of

THE NORTH SHORE, NEWCASTLE.

Block of land, on MASON'S POINT-ROAD, nearly

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and kitchen, on the Main Business Artery, near Blund's

Hotel or Council-chambers.

LOT 14.

AL. BUSINESS NO. 18 on the main thoroughfare of

THE NORTH SHORE, NEWCASTLE.

Block of land, on MASON'S POINT-ROAD, nearly

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100 feet to the rear, and a 12-foot lane on its WESTERN

boundary, together with the buildings thereon, consisting

of 2 weatherboard shacks on the MASON'S POINT-

ROAD, being 10x12 feet each, and a

LITTLE PITT-STREET, each containing 3 rooms

Auction Sales.

THE NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-STREET.

MONDAY, 16th JANUARY, at 11 o'clock.

RESERVE RUMMAGE SALE.

Under Instructions from the Importer.

PRIOR TO STOCKTAKING,

SOPA SPRINGS, TINWARE, BROOK AND AXE HANDLES

SEA SHELLS, CLOTHING, KNIFE BOARDS

HOT PINS, THIMBLES, LAMP GLASSES, OVAL VASES

CANTERBURY PLATE COVERS, SPRING MATTRESS

BEDROOM CHAMBERS, WOODEN CUPBOARDS

ALBANS, METAL, JUTE, MATCHES

SCALLOPED HORN, TOY FURNITURE

CHILDREN'S STOOLS, ETC., CHILDREN'S CABINETS

DRAWING BOOKS, STATIONERY

CARPETS, KAPRAS, TABLE CHAIRS

HOTEL, RESTAURANT, CAFÉ, COTTAGES

AMERICAN ARM AND OFFICE CHAIRS

PICTURES, CHAIR FRAMES, MARBLE SLABS

ETC., ETC.

So Merchants, Hardware Dealers, Furniture Warehouses,

Crockery and Glassware, Books, Fancy Warehouses,

Stationers, Shippers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS AND ACKMAN will sell by AUCTION,

at 11 o'clock, at THE NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-

STREET, on MONDAY, 17th JANUARY,

at 11 o'clock.

NO RESERVE.

TERMS AT SALE.

INTERCOLONIAL CRICKET MATCH.

NEW SOUTH WALES

VICTORIA.

COMMENCING SATURDAY, 2nd JANUARY.

HARRIS AND ACKMAN have received instructions

from the FRIENDLY SOCIETY OF THE AUCTION CRICKET

GROUND to sell by AUCTION, at their ROOMS, 199, PITT-

STREET, on MONDAY NEXT, 17th JANUARY, at 12 o'clock

THE NIGHT TO THE BARS AND REPRENTMENT

BOOTH

for the Intercolonial Cricket Match,

NEW SOUTH WALES

VICTORIA,

to commence

SATURDAY, 2nd JANUARY.

Full particulars application to the Auctioneers.

THE NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-STREET.

MONDAY, 17th JANUARY,

at half past 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

BALANCE CONSIGNMENT

EXCELENTLY CHOICE VELLUM-COULE DRAWINGS,

VALUABLE OIL PAINTINGS, &c.,

among which are included—

North Shields, oil painting, by F. Walker

West Yorkshire, oil painting, by T. Seymour

A Bit of Surrey, by J. Carter

Costume and Scene Views, by Carter, M. Webb, W. Sydney, J.

Mrs. Helen's Glass, Cumberbatch, by Shepherd

English Landscapes, by Morris, G. L. Davis, G. Tucker,

Scottish Scenery, by G. V. Samson, T. Seymour, P. Percy

Figure Drawings of unusual merit, by F. Barnes

Flowers, by Henry Neild

Wives of the Sovereign and the Monarch, by A. Moran, G.

Gardens, the middle class, by A. Hartley, S. Richardson

Scenes, by A. Horley

We Lovers of the Fine Arts, Virtuosi, Connoisseurs, Ladies and Gentlemen, Private Collectors, and the Elite of the colony, generally.

HARRIS AND ACKMAN have received instructions to sell the ABOVE BY AUCTION, at THE NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-STREET, on MONDAY next, 17th JANUARY, at half past 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

ON VIEW MORNING OF SALE.

TUESDAY, 18th JANUARY, at 11 a.m.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

1760 BAGS AND POCKETS COLONIAL SUGAR

(Brown, Yellow, and White).

To Merchants, Wholesale Grocers, Confectioners, Shippers, County Shippers, &c.

HARRIS AND ACKMAN have received instructions to sell the ABOVE BY AUCTION, at THE NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-STREET, TUESDAY next, 17th JANUARY, at 11 o'clock.

NO RESERVE.

TERMS AT SALE.

TUESDAY, 18th JANUARY, at 11 a.m.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

Under Instructions from the Importer.

200 Small-Sized AMERICAN MIRRORS

200 Case BONELESS COD

200 DILLO GIBSON'S FRESH HERRINGS

200 DILLO GIBSON'S FISH

200 DILLO FISHER'S NEW ZEALAND HOPS

200 DILLO FISHER'S WHISKY

200 DILLO UNSWERTEENED MILK

200 DILLO OVERALL'S PICKLES

200 DILLO VITICULAT RAIMING

200 Cases MARMALADE

200 Cases INDIAN CONDIMENTES

200 Cases LEMON SOAPS

200 Cases CIGARETTES

200 Half-closets BREAKFAST CONGO.

To Wholesalers and Retail Grocers, Tobacconists, Shippers, Shippers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS AND ACKMAN will sell the above by AUCTION, at THE NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-STREET, on TUESDAY next, 17th January, at 11 a.m.

NO RESERVE.

TERMS AT SALE.

TUESDAY, 18th JANUARY, at 11 a.m.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

On Account of whom it may concern.

Under Instructions from the Agents.

TO CLOSE ACCOUNTS.

Ex Adelias.

510 Cases Pale Ale, Brand, bottled by Harris

510 Cases Pale Ale, Fern Brand, plated by Harris

To Wine and Spirit Merchants, Hotel Proprietors, Country

Shippers, Shippers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS AND ACKMAN will sell the above BY AUCTION, at THE NEW AUCTION MART, 199, PITT-STREET, on TUESDAY next, January 18th, at 11 a.m.

NO RESERVE.

TERMS AT SALE.

TUESDAY, 18th JANUARY, at 11 a.m.

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Under Instructions from the Agents.

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NO RESERVE.

TERMS AT SALE.

TUESDAY, 18th JANUARY, at 11 a.m.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

Under Instructions from the Agents.

TO CLOSE ACCOUNTS.

Ex Adelias.

510 Cases Melvin's Ale, quart

510 Cases Melvin's Cognac

510 Cases Mineral Waters

510 Cases Mr. Blanche's Pale Ale

510 Cases Mr. Connor's Ale

510 Cases Ranger's Brandy

510 Barrels Minerva's Beer

510 Cases Minto's Butter, quart, pints, and half-pint

510 Cases Olympia's Champagne

510 Cases Shamrock & Co.'s Ale

510 Cases Sherry

510 Cases May's Whisky

510 Cases London's Bitters

510 Cases Lonsdale's Bitters

Funerals.

THE FRIENDS of Mrs. MARY WILLIAMS are respectfully invited to attend her Funeral; to meet at her residence, 138, Crown-street Ultimo, THIS Saturday, January 15, at 1 o'clock, at the Cemetery, J. and G. SHYING and CO., Undertakers, No. 8, George-street West (only), near Tooch's Brewer.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mrs. CATHERINE DAVIDSON are respectfully invited to attend her Funeral; to meet from her late residence, 138, Crown-street Ultimo, THIS Saturday, January 15, at 1 o'clock, at the Cemetery, J. and G. SHYING and CO., Undertakers, No. 8, George-street West (only), near Tooch's Brewer.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. THOMAS DAVIDSON are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to meet from his late residence, 138, Crown-street Ultimo, THIS Saturday, January 15, at 1 o'clock, at the Cemetery, J. and G. SHYING and CO., Undertakers, No. 8, George-street West (only), near Tooch's Brewer.

THE FRIENDS of Mrs. MARY WILLIAMS are respectfully invited to attend her Funeral; to meet from her late residence, 138, Crown-street Ultimo, THIS Saturday, January 15, at 1 o'clock, at the Cemetery, J. and G. SHYING and CO., Undertakers, No. 8, George-street West (only), near Tooch's Brewer.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. JOHN CRIMMINS are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved HUSBAND, Jeremiah Williams, stonemason, to move from her late residence, 138, Crown-street Ultimo, THIS Saturday, January 15, at 1 o'clock, at the Cemetery, J. and G. SHYING and CO., Undertakers, No. 8, George-street West (only), near Tooch's Brewer.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JOHN CRIMMINS are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved HUSBAND, Jeremiah Williams, stonemason, to move from her late residence, 138, Crown-street Ultimo, THIS Saturday, January 15, at 1 o'clock, at the Cemetery, J. and G. SHYING and CO., Undertakers, No. 8, George-street West (only), near Tooch's Brewer.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. FRANCIS AUGUSTUS HEARL are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved WIFE, Mrs. Mary Hearl, from her late residence, 138, Pitt-street, Ultimo, THIS Saturday, January 15, at 1 o'clock, at the Cemetery, J. and G. SHYING and CO., Undertakers, No. 8, George-street West (only), near Tooch's Brewer.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JOSEPH GALE, Ocean-street, Woolloomooloo, are invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved BROTHER-IN-LAW, the late Mr. Henry Lintern, son-in-law, to move from his late residence, 138, Pitt-street, Ultimo, THIS Saturday, January 15, at 1 o'clock, at the Cemetery, J. and G. SHYING and CO., Undertakers, No. 8, George-street West (only), near Tooch's Brewer.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. HENRY LINTERN, junior, are invited to the Funeral of his beloved Father, to move from his residence, 62, Bligh-street, on SUNDAY, at 11 a.m., to Waverley Cemetery. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. HENRY LINTERN, junior, are invited to the Funeral of his beloved Father, to move from his residence, 62, Bligh-street, on SUNDAY, at 11 a.m., to Waverley Cemetery. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker.

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Shipping.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

The favourite clipper ship DHALIAH, 1300 tons, C. W. H. LEWIS, Commander, will sail early in January.

Has space for a limited quantity of wool.

PEEL, BORRADAILE, and CO., Agents.

WOOL received at Flood's.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

The favourite clipper ship CUTTY SARK, 1300 tons, R. WOODGETT, Commander, will have quick despatch.

PEEL, BORRADAILE, and CO., Agents.

WOOL received at Talbot & Co's.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

The famous clipper ship TRAFALGAR, 1000 tons, D. MOIR, Commander, now fast.

Now fast, DEDDING, WILL SAIL THIS MONTH.

This magnificent Clyde-built vessel is fitted with every convenience, has a large crew, and is well supplied with coal, stores, smoking-house, &c. Bedding, linens, and all cabin requisites are provided.

The accommodation for second-class passengers in a double-cabin ship is very superior.

For plans and further particulars, apply to ALFRED LAMB and CO., GILCHRIST, WATT and CO., Agents.

WILL BE DOCKED AND CLEANED BEFORE SAILING.

WOOL RECEIVED AT CENTRAL STORES.

FOR LONDON, via CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

TO SAIL MIDDLE OF FEBRUARY.

FARRAMATA, 151 tons register, W. GODDARD, Commander.

To meet the demand of passengers travelling for the benefit of their health, and requiring a long sea voyage, the above will be despatched via Cape of Good Hope and St. Helena.

Notices of the exact date of departure, and return, she has room for a limited number of second-class passengers.

ALFRED LAMB and CO., GILCHRIST, WATT and CO., Agents.

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TO SAIL MIDDLE OF FEBRUARY.

FARRAMATA, 151 tons register, W. GODDARD, Commander.

To meet the demand of passengers travelling for the benefit of their health, and requiring a long sea voyage, the above will be despatched via Cape of Good Hope and St. Helena.

Notices of the exact date of departure, and return, she has room for a limited number of second-class passengers.

ALFRED LAMB and CO., GILCHRIST, WATT and CO., Agents.

WILL BE DOCKED AND CLEANED BEFORE SAILING.

WOOL RECEIVED AT CENTRAL STORES.

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